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# Weil 铁明矾苏木素染色试剂盒

货号: G3272

**规格:** 2×50mL/2×100mL/2×500mL **保存:** 室温,避光保存,有效期1年。

## 产品组成:

名称	2×50mL	2×100mL	2×500mL	保存
试剂 A: Weil 苏木素 A	50ml	100ml	500ml	室温, 避光
试剂 B: Weil 苏木素 B	50ml	100ml	500ml	室温,避光

## 产品介绍:

髓鞘(Myelin Sheath)是包裹在神经细胞轴突外面的一层膜,即髓鞘由髓鞘细胞和细胞膜组成,是神经膜细胞的质膜沿着轴索的轴心螺旋缠绕形成的多层脂双层结构,髓鞘上有郎飞氏结,可使神经冲动跳跃传递。

Weil 铁明矾苏木素染色试剂盒可以显示病理情况下髓鞘是否完整、变性、坏死程度及修复情况,对神经组织的病理诊断和研究均有意义,例如神经纤维受损时,髓鞘可出现膨胀、曲折成球形、断裂或脱鞘完全消失等改变。

注意:明矾溶液、分化液、蓝化液均需自备,初次操作我们更推荐 G3270 试剂盒,该试剂盒已配备所有染 色用试剂,节省您的时间。

## 操作步骤: (仅供参考)

- 1. 石蜡切片切 5-10um, 脱蜡至水。
- 2. 入配制好的 Weil 苏木素染色液,置于温箱或水浴锅染色 20min。蒸馏水冲洗。
- 3. 用明矾溶液分化,并镜下控制区分正常髓鞘与灰质或变性区域。蒸馏水冲洗。
- 4. Weil 分化液中完成分色 (清除背景)。蒸馏水冲洗。
- 5. 滴加 Weil 蓝化液处理, 充分水洗。
- 6. 常规脱水,二甲苯透明,中性树胶封固。

# 染色结果:

髓鞘	黑色	
背景	无色	

#### 注意事项:

- 1. 此试剂盒简便快速,明矾分化这一步很关键,需在镜下观察分化程度。
- 2. 固定液以10%的福尔马林为佳。
- 3. 置于温箱或水浴锅染色时,应注意防止染色液挥发。
- 4. 为了您的安全和健康,请穿实验服并戴一次性手套操作。

# Weil's Iron Hematoxylin Stain Kit

Cat: G3272

Size: 2×50mL/2×100mL/2×500mL Storage: RT, avoid light, valid for 1 year.

#### Kit Components

Reagent	2×50mL	2×100mL	2×500mL	Storage
Reagent A: Weil Iron Hematoxylin Solution A	50ml	100ml	500ml	RT, avoid light
Reagent B: Weil Iron Hematoxylin Solution B	50ml	100ml	500ml	RT
Mix A and B in equal amount to form Weil Iron Hematoxylin solution. It is not suitable to prepare in advance.				

### Introduction

Myelin sheath is a layer of membrane wrapped around the axons of nerve cells, that is, myelin sheath is composed of myelin cells and cell membrane. It is a multilayer lipid double-layer structure formed by the plasma membrane of nerve membrane cells spirally winding along the axis of axon. There is a Langfei's knot on the myelin sheath, which can make the spirit jump and transmit through impulse.

Weil's Iron Hematoxylin Stain Kit can show whether the myelin sheath is complete, denatured, necrotic and repaired under pathological conditions. It has significance for pathological diagnosis and research of nerve tissue. For example, when the nerve fiber is damaged, the myelin sheath may swell, zigzag into a sphere, break or completely disappear without sheath.

Note: Alum solution, differentiation solution and bluing solution should be prepared by ourselves. For the first operation, we recommend G3270 kit, which has been equipped with all dyeing reagents, saving your time.

## **Protocols**(for reference only)

- Cut into paraffin section, dewax to distilled water.
- Soak the section in Weil Iron Hematoxylin Solution in a warm box or water bath at 56 °C for 20 min.Rinse with distilled water.
- 3. Differentiate by Iron Alum Solution and distinguish normal myelin sheath from gray matter or denatured area under the microscope.Rinse with distilled water.
- 4. Differentiate in Weil Differentiation Solution (eliminate the background). Rinse with distilled water.
- 5. Treat with Weil Bluing Solution and fully wash with water.
- 6. Conventionally dehydrate, transparent by xylene and seal with resinene.

### Result

Myelin Sheath	Black	
Background	Colorless	

## Note

- This kit is simple and fast. Iron Alum Solution differentiation is a key step. It is necessary to observe the degree of differentiation under the microscope.
- 2. The best fixative is 10% formalin.
- When dyeing in a warm box or water bath, pay attention to prevent the evaporation of the dye solution.
- 4. For your safety and health, please wear experimental clothes and disposable gloves.